# Elbow Stiffness - Rehabilitation

### Kelowna Bone and Joint Health

## **Principles**

- Frequent range of motion
  - o Exercise for a minimum of 20 minutes every 2 hours while awake
  - The more exercise the better
- Avoid lasting pain
  - It's okay to feel some pulling and discomfort with the exercise. After exercises, you should have a 'having-exercised type of feeling', and not lasting pain.

#### **Motion Exercises**

- Flexion (bend) & extension (straight):
  - Support upper arm (humerus) on a high countertop and keep it flat. Use your own muscles to flex/extend the elbow, and then use the other hand to give a little extra push.
  - Push and hold (for about 10 to 20 seconds), release, then push and hold again in the same direction. Change directions (flexion/extension) and repeat.
  - If you have a sore shoulder, you can do the same exercises while standing and stabilizing the upper arm flat against a wall.
- Forearm rotation: Supination (palm up) & Pronation (palm down)
  - Keep your elbow bent 90 degrees and held at your side/waist.
  - Use your own muscles to turn your hand on the affected side palm-up (supinate). Use your other hand to grasp the wrist on the affected side in the area where you would wear a wrist band. Use your unaffected or 'good' hand to twist a little further. Push and hold, release, push and hold again. Change directions to with the affected side now turning palm down (pronation).

#### **Turnbuckle Brace (when recommended – uncommon)**

- Nighttime:
  - Work on direction most needed (usually extension/straightness)
  - o Apply turnbuckle and increase pressure to feel tension and stretching
  - Be able to sleep 6 hours without waking up with elbow pain. If you wake up sooner with elbow pain, the brace was set a little too tight and back off on the pressure.
  - o Typically use the brace at night for at least 3 months
- Daytime:
  - The priority should be motion exercises, and use the brace in between exercises:
    - Most of the time, set to direction opposite to night-time use
    - Depending on how the motion is coming along, you can alternate between flexion (bend) and extension (straight). Spend more time in the daytime with which ever motion is needed most.
    - Goal is to achieve minimum motion from 30° to 130° (a perfectly straight elbow is at 'zero degrees').